SAFETY DATA SHEET

ExonMobil

MOBIL DELVAC LEGEND 1330

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier				
Product name	: MOBIL DELVAC LEGEND 1330			
Product description	: base oil and additives			
1.2 Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Intended Use	: Engine oil			
Uses advised against	: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the Identified Uses above.			
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet				
Supplier	: ExxonMobil Petroleum & Chemical BV			
	POLDERDIJKWEG Antwerpen B-2030 Belgium			
Supplier General Contact	: (IE) 1800 882 024 / (UK) 0800 028 2851			
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: SDS-DS@exxonmobil.com			
SDS Internet Address	: www.sds.exxonmobil.com			
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	mber			
<u>National advisory body/</u> <u>Poison Centre</u>	: (IE) (+353)1 809 2166 (8am - 10pm every day)			
24 Hour Emergency Telephone	: +353 1 901 4670 / +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)			

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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Product definition : Mixture
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Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Not classified.

The product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements		
Signal word	÷	No signal word.
Hazard statements	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	÷	Not applicable.
Response	÷	Not applicable.
Storage	÷	Not applicable.
Disposal	÷	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	None.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.
Nota	:	This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
zinc bis[o-(6-methylheptyl)] bis[o-(sec-butyl)] bis (dithiophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119543726-33 EC: 298-577-9 CAS: 93819-94-4	<2.5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 6.25% Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 12.5% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 10% ≤ C < 12.5%	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Type

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Nota :

Note: Any entry in the EC# column that begins with the number "9" is a Provisional List Number provided by ECHA pending publication of the official EC Inventory Number for the substance. See Section 15 for additional CAS number information for the substance.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	 Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	on	the substance or mixture
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, sulfur oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent reignition. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	. co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent

 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spin area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste
Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

6.4 Reference to other	See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections	See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with used product.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Static Accumulator	: This material is a static accumulator. A liquid is typically considered a nonconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m (100x10E-12 Siemens per meter) and is considered a semiconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m. Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same. A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, anti-static additives and filtration can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid.
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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021) [Mineral oil, pure, highly & severely refined] Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV 8 hours: 5 ppm. Form: inhalable dust. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction. NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021) [Mineral oil, pure, highly & severely refined] Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV 8 hours: 5 ppm. Form: inhalable dust. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the procedures assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airbor contaminants.	ne
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the proces equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated cloth Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a ris assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, misi gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses w side-shields.	ts,
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard sho be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indica this is necessary. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile, minimum 0.38 mm thickness or comparable protective barrier material	
	CEN standards EN 420 and EN 374 provide general requirements and lists of glo types.	ve
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	č
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	e
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets th appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importa aspects of use. Recommended: particulate filter	
	European Committee for Standardization (CEN) standards EN 136, 140 and 405 provide respirator masks and EN 149 and 143 provide filter recommendations.	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the proces equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	,				
Physical state	: Liquid.				
Colour	: Brown				
Odour	: Charac	teristic			
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

y	
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	: >315.56°C (>600°F) [Estimated]
Flash point	: Open cup: >200°C (>392°F) [ASTM D-92]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Ignitable
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 0.9% [Estimated] Upper: 7% [Estimated]
Vapour pressure	: <0.1 mm Hg [20 °C] [Estimated]
Relative vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.81 [ASTM D4052]
Solubility in water	: Negligible
Partition coefficient n-octanol/ water (log Pow)	: >3.5 [Estimated]
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: 11.8 cSt [100 °C] [ASTM D 445] 101 cSt [40 °C] [ASTM D 445]
Particle characteristicsMedian particle size:	Not applicable.
9.2 Other information	
Pour point	: <-15°C [ASTM D97]
DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346	: <3 % by weight
SECTION 10: Stability a	and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity :	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability :	The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : High energy sources of ignition. Excessive heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Strong oxidisers

10.6 Hazardous	1	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
decomposition products		should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard c	asses as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Acute toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	
Inhalation	: Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Dermal

Oral

- : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
 - : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	
zinc bis[o-(6-methylheptyl)] bis[o-(sec-butyl)] bis (dithiophosphate)	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin	: Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Eyes	: May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Respiratory	 Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for material.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Respiratory	: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	 Not expected to cause cancer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Specific target organ toxic	<u>city (single exposure)</u>

Conclusion/Summary : Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. No end point data for material.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Category	Target organs	
MOBIL DELVAC LEGEND 1330		Not applicable.	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to cause orga point data for material. Base		ed or repeated exposure. No end components.	
Aspiration hazard Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to be an aspir the material. Data available		physico-chemical properties of	

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Contains no substance(s) known to have endocrine disrupting properties that affect human health

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2.2 Other information	
Contains	: Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitising in test animals.
Product	: Diesel engine oils: Not carcinogenic in animals tests. Used and unused diesel engine oils did not produce any carcinogenic effects in chronic mouse skin painting studies. Oils that are used in gasoline engines may become hazardous and display the following properties: Carcinogenic in animal tests. Caused mutations in vitro. Possible allergen and photoallergen. Contains polycyclic aromatic compounds (PAC) from combustion products of gasoline and/or thermal degradation products.

Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

12.1 Toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	
Acute toxicity	: Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
Chronic toxicity	: Not expected to demonstrate chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms
12.2 Persistence and de	gradability
Biodegradability	: Base oil component Expected to be inherently biodegradable
12.3 Bioaccumulative pc	otential
Conclusion/Summary	: Base oil component Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.
12.4 Mobility in soil	
Mobility	: Base oil component Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land.
12.5 Results of PBT and	vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Contains no substance(s) known to have endocrine disrupting properties that affect the environment

12.7 Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
13 02 05*	mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

NOTE: These codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste disposal code(s).

Packaging

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	•			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regu	lations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH	<u>1)</u>
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to	o authorisation
Annex XIV	
None of the components are listed.	
Substances of very high concern	
None of the components are listed.	
Annex XVII - Restrictions : None. on the manufacture, placing on the market	
and use of certain	
dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	
Other EU regulations	
Explosive precursors : Not applicat	ble.
Seveso Directive	
This product is not controlled under the Seve	eso Directive.
National regulations	
Inventory list	
Australia inventory (AIIC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL)	: All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (CSCL)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (Industrial Safety and Health Act)	: All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: All components are active or exempted.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment: This produce required.	ct contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Procedure used to deriv	re the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Not classified.	

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 2 Eye Dam. 1 Skin Irrit. 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 9 August 2024
Date of previous issue	29 March 2024
Version	: 1.02
Product code	: 201520405519 1292763

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